

Another Word on Shirts

—BY—

The Boss House on Shirts!

Through the medium of this Great Newspaper's Circulation

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Would again arrest the attention of all Shirt Wearers, and

SOUND ALOUD the PRAISES OF THEIR

Unrivaled and Unequaled SHIRTS

From its position as the Greatest Consumer of Shirts in the West, this house owns its Shirts at least 25 per cent below all other Shirt buyers. And with

ITS SMALL MARGINAL PROFIT

On Shirts, 4 to 7 1/2 per cent, it can be seen at a glance that it

Retails Shirts from 17 to 20 Per Cent

Less than any store whatever owns Shirts at!!

D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S SHIRTS

Are all First-Class as Fitters and Wearers, no matter what the price! Their 50-cent Shirt will wear and fit as well as their Dollar Shirt, the difference in them being, the 50-cent Shirt is not as fine as the Dollar Shirt!

No Gentleman Can Enjoy Life,

Can hold up his head, can look his neighbour straight in the face, can feel his manhood, no matter how fine his hat or his outside toggery, if his shirt be frayed at the wrist or bosom and is ill-fitting!!

THEREFORE

Is it of the Greatest Importance that you should at once supply yourself with a new set of well cut and properly made shirts, without having to pay (as many have heretofore done), a Small Fortune for them!

The Spot for You to Buy Shirts

IS THE GREAT BROADWAY BAZAAR OF

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed or No Sale!

Thousands of Men, Women, Girls and Boys are kept constantly employed all the year round in St. Louis and Eastern manufacturers in the Exclusive Manufacture of Shirts for

D. Crawford & Co.

JUST OPENED

Another 1,000 dozen lot of Well-Made and Well-Fitting Shirts, the fifth or sixth thousand dozen lot of this season!!

NOTE!

250 dozens of the celebrated "Hero" Shirt at 50c, well worth 85c. D. C. & Co. defy any lady to buy the materials in this shirt for less than 50c. No other house in St. Louis has this shirt.

250 dozens "Boston City" White Shirts, patent backs, cuffs or bands, for 85c. The Eastern price for this shirt is \$1.15.

250 dozens of the celebrated "Rattler" and Unique Shirts for 75c each. Exclusive shirt dealers ask \$2.00 for this shirt without blushing!!

250 dozens of the world renowned "Crown Prince" Shirt, \$1.00 each, \$5.75 for six. Exclusive shirt dealers have the conscience to ask \$3.00 for a shirt not one whit better.

D. C. & Co. are the sole agents for the celebrated "Gold and Silver" Shirts, of which they keep always a full line. The Silver, unlaunched, is 75c, and launched, is \$1.00. The Gold, unlaunched, is \$1.00, and launched, \$1.25. Since assuming the exclusive sale of this shirt, early this spring, this house has sold hundreds of dozens of them to the entire satisfaction of the wearers.

60 dozens Old Gents' Shirts, square, plaited bosoms, shirt collars attached, \$1.15; well worth \$1.50.

100 dozens Boys' Unlaunched White Shirts, all sizes, 85c each, or 8 for \$1.00.

90 dozens Gents' Percale Shirts, open back, with two collars attached, 50c each; worth \$1.00.

125 dozens Gents' New Night-Shirts of every novel description at 65c, 75c and \$1.00 each.

Splendid Blue Cheviot Shirts for workingmen at 65c each.

The Popular Shirt Department

OF

D. CRAWFORD & CO.'

GREAT BROADWAY BAZAAR.

THE GREAT FORCED SALE OR HERZOG BROS. Dry Goods Stock!

We have just brought forward 1,000 PIECES
Lace Buntings, Ginghams, Seersuckers, Batiste, etc.,
etc., etc. Your choice,

5c A YARD! 5c

Ready for Retail this 3 p.m.

L. HERZOG & BRO.,
411 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

J. L. ISAACS
WALL PAPER CO.,
EXCELSIOR BUILDING, 1210 OLIVE STREET.

THE ONLY McNICHOLS!

The Only House in St. Louis where You Can Purchase on
INSTALLMENTS, for CASH PRICES
STOVES, FURNITURE, CARPETS!
OR ANYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING. 1024 MARKET STREET

THREE ILLS
Crab Orchard Water
Genuine Crab Orchard Water in sealed packages at 10 and 25 cts. No genuine sale is made in bulk.
CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Proprietors.

RABOTEAU & CO.
THE PIONEER OF LOW PRICES
IN DRUGS AND PERFUMERS,
714 N. Broadway,
Opposite Union Market.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.
Warmed absolutely pure
Cocoa, from which the excess of
Oil has been removed. It has three
times the strength of Cocoa mixed
with Starch, Orange or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical,
costing less than half a cup.
It is a nutritious, nourishing,
strengthening, easily digested, and
admirably adapted for invalids as
well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

DRUNKENNESS OR THE LIQUOR HABIT. POSITIVELY CURED BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a glass of coffee or tea without any knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the disease is manifested in the most extreme cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. *It never fails.* The results are instantaneous with the first dose, and becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For Salty by

M. W. ALEXANDER, Broadway (5th and Olive) and 10th and Locust, St. Louis, Mo.

T. & C. CALVIN, Cos. 6th St. and Washington Ave.

RICHARDSON DRUG CO., 4th and Clark Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Call or write for circular & full particulars

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.

STYLING, CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.
Dyeing.

Cost. \$1.00 Cost. \$2.00
Pants. \$1.00 Cost. \$2.00

W. S. BURLED, N. Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut st.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

In the Same Strain.

A reporter called on Mrs. Updegraff at 181 South Second Street. She said: "About four

years ago a weakness took hold of my lower limbs. Gradually a number of small openings

developed, and I experienced the most intense pain. I called in a doctor, and he told me they were ulcers. They increased in size and discharge followed, and the discharge was red, and sometimes would bleed. The doctor's treatment healed the sores for a time, yet in the course of four or five weeks the same trouble would return. It hampered me to walk, and finally I was compelled to take bed for weeks at a time. I visited several doctors, but experienced no relief. About a month ago I went under Dr. McCoy's treatment. Within two weeks I was a different woman. My knees and limbs are all right, and I can say now that I never felt better in my life."

DOCTOR

J. GRESAP MCCOY,

Late of Bellevue Hospital, New York,

HAS OFFICES AT

1516 LUCAS PLACE, ST. LOUIS.

Treats with equal success all diseases, curing those generally considered incurable.

Medical diseases treated successfully. Consumption.

Dr. McCoy's specialities are in nervous and

reproductive diseases. All diseases peculiar to the sexes a specialty. CATARACT CURE.

Office hours: 8:30 to 11 a.m.; 1 to 4 p.m.; 6 to 8:30 p.m.

Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4 cts. in stamp.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, etc.,

10 to 20 Per Cent Less

Than any other place

in the city.

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE
Southwest Corner
Sixth and Market Sts.

The Great Reduction Sale

OF

CARPETINGS and CURTAINS

NOW BEING MADE BY

J. KENNARD & SONS

Is attracting the attention of the people, and buyers are obtaining the Greatest Bargains ever offered in this city. It must be understood that the goods offered are REMNANTS and ODD LOTS, and are being sold without reference to original cost. Look through the List, if you want to buy either Carpets or Curtains. All the NEWEST STYLES IN ALL GRADES also in store and for sale at Lowest Prices:

CARPETINGS.

Extra quality Axminster Carpets at.....	\$1.75; reduced from \$8.00
Best Wilton Carpets at.....	\$1.40; reduced from \$2.50
Best Wilton Carpets at.....	\$1.60; reduced from \$2.50
Best English Wilton Carpets at.....	\$1.75; reduced from \$8.00
Regular Velvet Carpets at.....	95c and \$1; reduced from \$1.85
Extra quality Body Brussels at.....	65c; reduced from \$1.40
Extra quality Body Brussels at.....	90c; reduced from \$1.40 and \$1.60
Velvet and Body Brussels Stair Carpets at.....	90c; reduced from \$1.85 and \$1.50
English and American Tapestry Brussels at.....	60c; worth \$1.00
English and American Tapestry Brussels at.....	70c; worth \$1.00
Madras Body Brussels Carpets at.....	50c; retailed East 75c and 80c
Best Body Brussels Borders, 22 1/2 inches wide, at.....	55c; reduced from \$1.25
From 8 to 10 yards of a pattern,.....	From 9 to 12 yards of a pattern,.....
Best Body Brussels Borders, 22 1/2 inches wide, at.....	65c; reduced from \$1.25
From 12 to 20 yards of a pattern,.....	From 12 to 20 yards of a pattern,.....

CURTAINS.

LOT 1-25 pairs French Guipure Lace Curtains in 1, 2 and 3 pair lots at \$5; worth \$8, \$7, \$6.
LOT 2-54 pairs Venetian Point Curtains, in 2, 3 and 4 pair lots, best made of this class, \$6, \$8 and \$10; former price, \$9, \$12 and \$15. Parties desiring strong, stylish goods, should examine these very cheap goods.
LOT 3-37 pairs, in single pairs, no 2 pairs same pattern, Real Lace, Antique, Brussels, Burmese Silk and Finest Quality Lace Curtains, at one-fourth their regular value.
LOT 4-1 thousand pair Nottingham Lace Curtains, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.85 and \$2.50.
LOOK AT THEM.
LOT 5-22 pairs, in 2 and 3 pair lots, of Saxon and Brussels Lace Curtains, at \$16, \$20, \$27.50, \$30, \$35, \$42.50 and \$45; former prices and worth to-day, \$35, \$38, \$40, \$45, \$50 and \$55.
LOT 6-24 pairs Coulbert, Antique and Congress Lace Curtains, in 2, 3 and 4 pairs, at \$9, \$12.50, \$15 and \$20. All of the above are of the best makes, and are worth from 50 to 75 per cent more than asked for them.
LOT 7-9 lots of 2 pairs each, in Beatrice, Pompadour, Russian, Renaissance, Victoria, Byzantine Embroidered Curtains, from \$25 to \$35 per pair; former prices from \$30 to \$35.
LOT 8-45 pairs Silk, Burmese, Florentine and Silk Lace Curtains, in 2 and 3 pair lots, at \$8, \$12, \$16 and \$20. Fully one-third less than market prices.
LOT 9-14 pairs Turcooman and Chenille Portieres at \$12 to \$20; marked down from \$20 and \$30; no 2 pairs alike.
LOT 10-30 pairs Austrian Chenille Plain Centers, handsome dado and borders, \$16 and \$20; marked down from \$35 and \$50.
LOT 11-10 pairs French Made Silk Turcooman at \$20, \$25 and \$30; worth to-day, \$20, \$25 and \$35.
LOT 12-30 pairs FRENCH MADE Silk Turcooman at \$20, \$25 and \$30; worth to-day, \$20, \$25 and \$35.
LOT 13-90 Wood Poles, imitation walnut, ebony and mahogany, with brass trimmings, at 25c; 600 same as above, better quality, at 50c; 375 Brass Poles and Brass Trimmings, at 90c.

A. J. JORDAN

612 Washington Av.

Wholesale and Retail

Cutlery!

Practice Economy!</

day and the people were at liberty to arrive at their own verdicts.

In he guilty?

Two people out of ten who look at the prisoner and sentence out of twenty who converse with him will say no.

He does not look like a guilty man; he does not act or talk or demean himself like a murderer—his appearance is simple, though quiet, modest, peaceful, unassuming kind. Fellow who has not entire consciousness of himself tries to conceal himself from the world, and who, though anxious in a certain way to be a big man at the present moment, and to overshadow with his personality the crime of which he is accused, does not succeed because his composition makes of a man who cannot lead but must be led.

A physiologist would readily read Maxwell's innocence in his face; at any rate his features would palliate any crime he might commit because of the indecision and weak qualities of his character.

Will the jury take this view of it?

They may and they may not. The defense is looking for an impressive jury; the prosecution has signified its intention of striking off every man who manifests the slightest suspicion of having a heart.

It was an entertaining sight to see the lawyers reading the faces of the forty-seven this morning. Messrs. McDonald and Bishop devoted an hour and a half to scrutinizing the facial display that was ranged inside the bar.

Messrs. Martin & Fauntleroy had their minds made up; so had Maxwell. It took nearly three hours to make the final selection, and when the twelve were named and stood up on the box to take the oath every eye in the room was turned upon them and the most eager and anxious of all eyes that swept the twelve faces was Maxwell's.

IN ROOM 144 AGAIN.

Maxwell Describes the Manner in Which Preller Died.

I visited Hugh M. Brooks, more widely known as W. H. L. Maxwell, in jail yesterday, to have a friendly visitation, and found him as calm, composed, self-assured and self-reliant as he was on the Sunday morning when he left the grain at the Union Depot after his long, tedious, and, I might say, triumphant trip from Australia.

He came from his cell with a smile that unusually shone upon his face, and though he wore a new white straw hat, which heightened the paleness of his complexion and made a little more pronounced the soft melancholy of his features, and the effeminate delicacy of their outlines, he still looked well, and was in all essentials unchanged.

He is wearing his beard short-cut, down to the same size proportions as he wore it during his stay at the Southern in Holy Week of last year, and he tells me he looks now very much as he looked then, so that the question of his personal identification by the attaches of the house and all who came in contact with him at that time will be rendered all the easier.

If anything, Maxwell is much improved since his advent in St. Louis, not, perhaps, physically, but in such traits as are readily recognizable by the casual observer. He is a little more subdued in his speech and does not run to flippancy and sarcasm as much as he did in the first few weeks when he was called upon to boast his earhestnotoriety.

He was always open, frank and unrestrained in his talk, and frequently in his conversations with me has some extent disregarded the ban placed upon him, first by Taylor, his New Zealand attorney; next by Lawyer Cleary in San Francisco and latterly attorneys here, each of whom told him positive language that, innocent or guilty, lay in silence.

pinion the great mistake of the one—after the crime, of course,—in accepting Taylor's advice.

He hadn't been for this well hadn't come to St. Louis, a policeman, who his kindred and attorney for him the story of an killing Arthur Preller would have we long ago, and the frightful shadows hung over the prisoner ever since have been lifted, or brightened at

Maxwell's explanation of the death of his only defense. That explanation lies in the hands of his attorneys, Messrs. and Fauntleroy, many months ago, and Maxwell will go to the witness stand and repeat it.

If he makes the statement on the stand in the same candid, free, convincing way in which he made it to me, I do not see how it can fail to favorably impress the jury.

He gave me the statement yesterday—not in his entirety—because he expected that his lawyers would consent to give me the statement which he wrote for them—and it has not differed materially from the impressions I gathered concerning his defense from all the bits and shards of news that gave me on other occasions.

In giving it he said his desire all along had been to unbend himself to the public, and allow his actions previous to and after the crime to substantiate his declarations. These actions show that he neither premeditated a crime or tried to commit one, nor from the moment of his arrival at the Southern Hotel until his departure for San Francisco, every act, and almost every word of his has been the property of the public, and these acts and these words form the strongest links in the chain of circumstances which they have forged to hold the culprit to his crime.

"The only act," said Maxwell, "about which there has been any doubt at all has been the act of which I am now accused. I recognize now as much as anybody could that I made a mistake in withholding my defense; but what did I? I was here alone in a strange city, with no one to advise me but counsel, and I followed the advice given me, to the letter. Messrs. Martin & Fauntleroy told me that I should have a statement when I was first arrested, as I had not done this, and he left St. Louis some days before he had time to consult with me, I had better stick to the policy which I had started in on and say nothing at all about my case."

I believe this statement because Maxwell has told me over and over that he wanted to give out his defense, but could not, afraid to ignore the advice of his lawyers and so the public would be obliged to wait for the cause to come to trial before learning the defense.

He had a little talk of this kind yesterday Maxwell came to the conclusion that as the trial would begin so day it would be best to say something about his defense, so he told me in so many words that his attorney would not deny the identity of the deceased, but would acknowledge the death of Preller at Maxwell's side, and that the death was due to intent, arising from circumstances which let himself had involved.

Maxwell's honesty is reflected in the following:

"He which gave me to hand to Mr. Preller for the purpose of having Mr.

MAXWELL'S LETTER.

Jouis Courts
City
May 17/86

John Fauntleroy

If you think it advisable
that the defence public I
will be very glad if you
will give the statement of
James to the papers of the
Post Dispatch. I know
this been very friendly but
longtime ago I proposed
that I would give him
the defence. When it was to
be made under all the
circumstances I think it
advisable to make the
defence public.

Believe me & yours
very faithfully yours
H. M. Brooks

John Fauntleroy

GREAT BARGAINS IN FURNITURE

Are still to be had from the Bankrupt Stocks of **BARNES & WEIDERHOLDT** and **H. L. NEIDRINKHAUS** and now for sale on the third floor of our own Warerooms, 402 and 404 North Fourth Street. Come in at once before they are all sold.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

AN IMPORTANT QUESTION RAISED BY THE SECOND AUDITOR.

Gen. Adam Baden's Pay as a Retired Officer

—Col. Lamont and the Rumored Cleveland-Folsom Engagement—The Open Executive Sessions—Congressional Proceedings—Washington News.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—Gen. Adam Baden has appointed Colonel-General at London by President Grant. When his term of service came to an end he took his place, as a master of course, on the retired list of the army, and his position on that list was not questioned until his pay account came before the Second Auditor of the Treasury, Mr. T. C. Smith, who, by his testimony, Gen. Baden had withdrawn himself finally from the retired list by his acceptance of a consular post, and could only be reinstated if he proposed to be employed again in them in making cigars. Committee of the whole.

Mr. Sader of Alabama, from the Committee on Appropriations, advised yesterday that the claim of Gen. Baden will probably be argued to-day. Col. Paine is counsel for Gen. Baden, and he desired the presence and assistance of Gen. Sickles. So the critics are agreed that he will take an active part in the proceedings before the court. He served himself as minister to Spain, it was said, and he was here, but as yet his position on the retired list has not been questioned in any way, unless the action of the Auditor in the case of Gen. Baden to have a wider application than the individual instance of Gen. Sickles said, last night, that he did not consider adverse decision in this case as necessary involving a similar decision in other cases. He has, however, some marked points of difference between the two.

Larry Jerome's Joke.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—Larry Jerome, of New York was yesterday introduced to Mrs. Charlotte Smith as a leading Knight of Labor. The woman's advocate as one proceeded to detail some of her grievances to the sympathetic Sir Knight. Among other things, he told him that the Campbell of New York, who took great pride in wearing a white necklace on all occasions, patronized a Chinese laundryman for his laundry.

"What, madam?" thundered the supposed Labor-leader, "Tim Campbell, the pride of New York, a prominent man in the form of a letter to me, and I will guarantee that such a man shall not be received in my house." The Campbell was cool and pleasant. There is a promise of agreeable weather for the next month. Mr. Manning will stay in Washington until the beginning of June, when he will go away to the West, to stay until the first of October. He has not decided whether he will attempt to go on the present tour of the country, but he will be comfortable in his new home.

Mr. Smith hurried off to write the letter and Mr. Jerome probably has it now.

Secretary Manning.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—Secretary Manning is giving up many of his going away for the present. He has failed in his efforts to get Fortress Monroe about ten days ago, but his wife came to the conclusion that he would be comfortable in the new house. Mr. Manning is cool and pleasant. There is a promise of agreeable weather for the next month. Mr. Manning will stay in Washington until the beginning of June, when he will go away to the West, to stay until the first of October. He has not decided whether he will attempt to go on the present tour of the country, but he will be comfortable in his new home.

The Outlook in Indiana.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—Mr. Stockinger, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office, who has recently returned from campaigning in Indiana, said yesterday that he will hold their own in Indiana at the fall election. "We lose one seat in Congress, but we will be re-electing the same man, and it will be due to the redistricting. The Republicans gain in their township elections a month ago. One of the difficulties of the Republicans carrying the state, and the no possibility but that Senator Harrison will be succeeded in the United States Senate by a Democrat."

White House Callers.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—The President saw but three visitors yesterday, Assistant Secretary Faichfeld and Col. and Mrs. Fred Grant. When the black bordered mourning cards of the son and daughter-in-law of the ex-President were taken into the library Mr. Grant, who had been in the room, and the party spent ten or fifteen minutes in a pleasant conversation. Col. Grant, although somewhat taller, bears a striking resemblance to the dead chief, and in his quiet manner has cultivated a full beard.

Cleveland and the Folsoms.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—When the attention of Col. Lamont was called to the stories about the President and Mrs. Folsom the private Secretary laughed and said: "Have the goings made up their minds yet to allow the President to go to the White House?" Including it was stated that there seemed to be a doubt whether Mrs. or Miss Folsom was the object of the President's attentions, and that she was a schoolgirl. "Miss Folsom is considerably a schoolgirl, I can assure you," replied Col. Lamont, and here the subject was dropped.

The Open Executive Sessions.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—The Senate yesterday passed, as amended by the Committee on Judiciary, the House bill providing that the act of Congress approved June 30, 1870, shall be amended so that whenever any Court or Board of Review, or Court of Appeals of the United States shall be held at the same time and place, they shall be authorized and required, if the business of the court will permit, to intercede interchangeably the juries in either court, drawn according to the provisions of the act.

Interchangeable Juries.

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H. M. Hoxie.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—Vice-President Hoxie of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, who is now at Atlantic City for the benefit of his health, will appear before the special labor committee of the House as soon as he is physically able to do so.

In the Pension Office.

By Telegraph to the Post-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—At the Pension Building about 8 o'clock yesterday after-

noon, Mrs. McCarthy, a widow, employed at the Government Printing Office, forced her way through the corridors and going to the desk of a clerk, demanded of him \$40, which, he said, was the amount of her pay. Mrs. McCarthy made a similar charge against the same clerk some time ago which, upon investigation, proved to be groundless. She was ejected from the building.

Christian and Decoration Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15.—The President will leave Washington Sunday evening, the 20th inst., for Brooklyn, where he will review the Decoration Day parade the following morning, and will review the parade in the New York City park. He will attend the exercises at the Academy of Music. He will return to Washington Tuesday morning.

House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—Mr. Harris of Georgia, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill amending section 337 Revised Statutes, so as to reduce the penal sum of the bonds of cigar manufacturers to \$250, and an additional \$250 to be imposed if they are to be employed again in them in making cigars. Committee of the whole.

Mr. Sader of Alabama, from the Committee on Appropriations, introduced a bill to reduce the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in the Territories. Laid on the table.

Mr. Hatch of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, introduced a bill to prohibit the exhibition of specimens of California silk in the Capitol building. House calendar.

Mr. Blount of Georgia, from the Committee on Appropriations, introduced a bill to prohibit the Post-office appropriation bill with Senate amendments, and to have been referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. Blount addressed his remarks to that member of the House who had introduced an amendment, and made an argument in opposition to it. The appropriation of \$300,000, he contended, would not secure any additional mail trips, but would have a contrary effect. Under the clause the Postmaster-General would be compelled to make additional mail trips.

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St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,
JOSEPH PULITER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo.,
as second-class mail matter.]

TELEGRAMS OF THE DAILY.

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Six months..... \$0.00

Three months..... \$0.25

One month..... \$0.50

One month advanced by express..... \$0.50

By the week (delivered by carrier)..... \$0.50

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THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid..... \$1.00

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All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,

515 and 517 Market street.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms..... 501

Business Offices..... 529

TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1886.

AMENDMENT TO-NIGHT.

STANDARD (Seventh and Walnut)—Yank Newell's Dramatic Company.

CARDO (Fifth, near Walnut)—Novelty Company.

PALACE MUSEUM (Sixth, near Franklin avenue)—J. M. to 10 p. m. BUSINESS-TOMORROW.

STANDOFF—Yank Newell's Dramatic Company.

UNION PARK—Bostons vs. Maroons.

GAIL HAMILTON is thought to be profoundly convinced that Mr. BLAINE is the very man for the Republicans in 1888.

The fact that Greece is receding somewhat from her firm and war-like attitude is ascribed to the supposed fact that Russia is not yet ready to fight.

This Mayor of a city as large as St. Louis ought to be satisfied with the dignity and honor that flow from his position as Mayor, and not reach out after powers and privileges which the law has expressly confined to State officials.

WHEN Queen CHRISTINA's little son attains his majority he will most probably find himself simply a qualified voter in a Spanish Republic, rather than a crowned King. The growth of democracy on the Continent of Europe has begun in earnest.

Mrs. THOMPSON was confirmed as Postmaster of Louisville by an almost unanimous vote of the Senate. The Courier-Journal probably thinks that the "starved Goddess" is taking a nap, and that the Government is going to pieces while she sleeps.

Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS is reported to have said that the "Lost-Cause" is not dead; Senator LEGAN makes the same contention in the last chapter of his "Conspiracy." It is rather curious here two gentlemen occupying the round on such a question.

CLUE of a third American vessel

drowned in the Atlantic.

Ships from A to Z, nor R can be charged more than like shipments from A to Z, nor can shipments from D, N or R to Z be charged more than like shipments from A to Z, except by express consent of the Commission. Shipments in the opposite direction from Z to any intermediate point cannot be charged more than like shipments from Z to A, nor can shipments from R, N or D to A be charged more than like shipments from Z to A, except by express consent of the Commission. Whether or not as much may be charged for the short as for the long haul is left to be determined by the Commission and the courts under those provisions of the bill relating to reasonable compensation.

As to shipments from different intermediate stations to other and different stations, the through rate limit does not apply at all, and the only provisions in the bill relating to such shipments are those providing for reasonable rates and against extortion.

There is no compulsory mileage rating or doubling up of local rates. The bill permits a through line to charge as much for hauling Ohio wheat as Kansas or California wheat to New York. It merely provides that Ohio wheat shall not be charged more than wheat hauled many miles as far over the same line in the same direction, unless the Commission concludes that there is good reason for such discrimination and expressly permits it. The fourth section concedes that such discriminations are, as a rule, wrong and unjustifiable, but authorizes the Commission to waive this rule in favor of competitive points for reasons which the Commission may deem satisfactory. Subject only to this discretion of the Commission and the courts, the bill leaves the railroads as free as they ever were in the matter of classifications, rates and discriminations. If such discretion cannot be safely entrusted to Commissioners appointed by Senatorial and Executive influence it is not because men so appointed are likely to be too severe on the railroads. The chief danger is that they will disappoint the popular hope and afford the public no real protection.

The stand which the President has taken against undulant pension jobs is well taken in all directions. When a Democrat is elected there was special need of a firm stand in reference to the pension business. The "soldier-veto" demagogues had carried things with a high hand for years and had secured the allowance of various fraudulent pension claims which called for revision and corruption.

THE Philadelphia Press thinks that JEFFERSON DAVIS "has already renominated and elected BLAINE for 1888." This is ascribing to the feeble ex-Confederate chief a power which does not belong to him. It has been decreed by the political fate that Mr. BLAINE will never be the President of this country; though he may still be nominated by any party that wants to wear a million-dollar neck.

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KING COTTON.

THE ALMOST SOLE STAPLE OF THE SOUTH
IN THE UNITED STATES.

Diversified Farming Growing Slowly—Small Planters Ignore Other Products—Constantly in Debt to Country Merchants—The Improved Agricultural Condition of the South Since the War.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 15.—"Cotton is still king." In this region of sunshine and flowers, the soil bears practically but one product, all who plant seem to have but a single ambition, and that is to raise that staple, the heads of which dot the land in gathering times like snowflakes. One of the great problems now being solved in the South relates to tilling the soil. The desire to plant and harvest cotton is inborn in these people. It was this product which made them great and independent before war forced them to face new necessities. Negroes and cotton were, under the old regime, the planter's reliance for a life of ease and luxury that slavery always furnished. The black man is now a citizen and cotton only is left the idol. The history of its importance in by-gone days is still cherished by all. Whites and blacks alike watch its growth with pride and sing its praises by night and by day. Negro labor is, perhaps best fitted for cotton field. For generations to come it will be in short supply, and stands to its traditions with wonderful tenacity. The negro is the most natural and ardent aristocrat in the world. He loves his country, and is more than willing to leave them away from their old homes as it is to change the habitation of a cat. These elements in their composition make it difficult for the negro to assimilate more easily than the whites. Therefore, they plant and gather the white-headed product. Any darky who has a patch of cotton ground, or a cotton field, buys meat and corn in the winter with the money he gets from its sale. These small lots aggregate a great result, and add substantially to the wealth of small holders to the growth of the larger plantations and millions of dollars are thrown after a single crop. Diversified farming is growing rapidly, but those who till soil are raising a little cotton, a few cattle and some pork, but the large majority of them prefer to raise cotton and buy their food. They are poor, heavily in debt and greatly disturb their dependence and prosperity. In this state the diversity of products is increasing more rapidly than in any other in the South. That is why it is, as a general rule,

MORE PROFITERS THAN OTHERS.

A meeting of citizens was held last night at the home of Marie Martin, McKinney-Tubular Hall Company, City of LaGrange and DeWitt C. Campbell. The report of the Master was to the effect that the George Washington Lodge had been elected to the Master.

The man who goes on the table is the one who usually culminates a small patch of cotton, and then has enough other products to keep his family. Then the cotton he gathers is the profit of his industry.

This is very true and this Southerner thus sounds the key-note of a new future for his section when this thing can be done. But now it is the time of plenty, and there is no need yet let loose its victim. The smaller strands of time are rapidly filling up the devastation of the war. But it will take another generation yet to make the cotton kingdom recover.

The farmers of the South are now at the mercy of the country or city merchants. They are upon the same old path again, if he will obligate himself to raise cotton with which to pay the obligation. Thus those merchants who have naturally driven the market, are now opportunity for such an act of generosity on the part of Eastern capital. There is no place in this country where so much money could be raised for the cotton crop, and the people by taking a mortgage at a reasonable interest. It would enable them to grow the necessities of life for their families, while they may buy what they want without paying now day by day.

WOULD BE CLEAR PROFIT.

and the aggregate would make the South independently strong and capable of finally working out from this bondage themselves.

For a generation more the Southern store-keeper will take the cream of the planter's lands and leave the rest to the negro.

With the negroes now owned nearly double as much real estate as the Southerners, it is evident that they have more personal property. It is an old saying that real property is the sole sure evidence of genuine property.

In 1860 the value of slaves in the South, including slave property, increased 150 per cent in the ten years between 1850 and 1860. In the same period the slaves presented an increase of 124 per cent. In 1860 the slaves in favor of the South. This better showing came from its great crops of cotton, sugar, rice, and tobacco.

The Ohio Legislature is being asked to relief the surface of the country from the fact that it was easily destroyed. Invariably lay waste our fields and demoralized labor. We were taught these things by fire and sword, and we have learned to do the same.

Before the conflict the plantations of the South were their owners' banks. They were not their homes in the sense the farm in the North is. They were the slaves' home. The slave was spent where measures were thickest. It did not go building up the country by increasing the usefulness of the people. Now the slaves are scattered, and everybody lives on their plantations and upon the products raised from them. We have had to learn to live on the products of the few to the homes of the many has been.

GRAT THING FOR US.

It has built up cities and brought them business from outside, who have been here since before the war. The general improvement could not be safe for the free labor which spends the summer in the neighborhood.

It is now. Our people have a great deal to learn in meeting the new conditions now imposed on them. They are learning slowly, but surely. When they begin to grow cotton, when they begin to grow the necessities demanded by the household, a great step will be taken toward a brilliant future. An old man, who has a home and means to cultivate the cotton crop, and the all other farm produce put together. The desire, or perhaps the necessity, of the people to emigrate to the West is a fact. The negro is one of the greatest evils the South has yet to correct. There is a strong argument, however, in favor of plantations, and the negroes are not likely to grow one-third of a bushel. This will be worth, as soon as picked, \$3, or \$4 for an entire bushel. The same acre of ground that will yield two or three bushels of cotton will yield half of that in corn or wheat. Therefore, our people reason it is cheaper to raise cotton and buy provisions than it is to raise corn. The negroes are not likely to be paid especially for the small farmer. He should raise enough of all products to feed his family, and let his few acres of cotton be the cash production of his work.

My observations and inquiry sustain this argument. That cotton will always be the chief product of the new South, as it was of old, is beyond question. But even the new industries that are springing up will move and more compel the cultivation of cotton, grapes, tobacco, and other articles that are raised on farms.

COTTON A Desperate Fight—Beaten to Death—Texas Topic.

OAKLAND, May 15.—James Johnson shot and killed E. W. Garrett, who was standing on the street corner talking to some friends. It was the result of a difficulty about some mules. Johnson afterwards took the dead man's watch and escaped to the woods.

PORT WORTH, May 15.—R. L. Lester, a telegraph operator, was shot and killed Saturday evening on a bridge over the Colorado River. The bullet passed through his heart.

ST. JOSEPH, May 15.—Additional attachments to the grand jury will today begin against George Jenkins of the Kentucky League Club, who is accused of having been responsible for the killing of his son and the later shot

of his wife.

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LODGE NOTICES.

DOLAR STAR LODGE, No. 70, A. F. & A. M., will hold a special meeting to come at the 8d degree on two candidates to-morrow evening. All Master Masons are cordially invited. CHAS. L. RATES, W. M.

PHILIP REED, Secretary.

STELLA COUNCIL, Legion of Honor, meets at first and third Wednesdays at their hall, 101 N. First and 3rd Streets. All are invited. Mrs. Broadway and Benson, Presidents.

C. H. PELLER, Recorder.

GROCERS and Clerks' Mass Meeting!

At Social Turner Hall, 12th and Monroe st., on Saturday evening, May 26th, at 8 p.m. All invited: Importers, Wholesalers, Grocers and Clerks' Mutual Protective Association. Mr. Keenan, President.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Bookkeepers.

M. KUCHNER, 1812 S. Broadway, sells Tin Tag Soap; buy it.

WANTED—A housekeeper, as book-keeper, or cashier in mercantile house by gentleman who has had ten years experience. Address N. 38, this office.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation as clerk in hotel; single and unattached; city or country. Address A. 40, this office.

WANTED—Office work of any kind by young man good penman; willing to work. Address A. 200, this office.

The Trades.

AUG. KIESER, 198 N. 11th st.; when you can buy Tin Tag Laundry Soap.

WANTED—Two carpenters; will work.

Address E. 89, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class bread and cake baker in country. Ad. O 39, this office.

WANTED—A situation by a man as operator, assistant, manager or dark-room worker. Ad. dress G 20, this office.

Coachmen.

Mrs. JNO. KRECHTER, corner Jefferson av. and Victor st., sells Tin Tag Soap.

WANTED—A coachman or housekeeper; to give best city reference. J. H. Nash, 1419 N. 6th st.

Boys.

EDWARD KNAPP, 802 Convent st., sells the Tin Tag Soap.

WANTED—A situation by a boy 16 years old, to learn some good trade. Call or address 2711 Burger st. 42

Miscellaneous.

LOUIS KROHLERY, 2200 Cherokee, will sell you Tin Tag Soap; try it.

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged man as porter about store, office or hotel; will work for low wages. Address E. 87, this office.

WANTED—Position as porter; can do clerical work or drive team; willing to work; don't drink good reference. Address D 87, this office.

WANTED—A situation by a single, sober and sober man as porter or driver in some business house; can give city references. Address J. 38, this office.

WANTED—A situation by a young man to learn the business; has had a few months' experience and a fair education; speaks German and English. Address E 39, this office.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers.

KRUECKEY, Jefferson av. and Cass av., keeps Tin Tag Soap; why not try it?

WANTED—Book-keeper who has from \$3,000 to \$5,000 to invest in a safe and very profitable business. Address R 39, this office.

Clerk and Salesmen.

B. H. KROHLERY, 831 Allen st., has Tin Tag Soap; you want it.

WANTED—A salesman well acquainted in St. Louis to sell the famous Columbia line. Address A. F. COOPER, 216 N. 6th, Columbia, Ill.

WANTED—Immediately two young men to learn telegraphing on our lines and take positions paying \$75 to \$125. Apply to Edward K. Keenan, President, Union Telegraph, 102 N. 3d st.; he will be pleased to receive you.

WANTED—A situation by a single, sober and sober man as porter or driver in some business house; can give city references. Address J. 38, this office.

WANTED—A situation by a young man to learn the business; has had a few months' experience and a fair education; speaks German and English. Address E 39, this office.

DON'T FORGET.

We charge no more for first-class work than you pay for inferior grades.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Dreammakers and Seamstresses.

H. J. LUPT, 2217 Victor st., sells Tin Tag Soap; you want it.

WANTED—Young woman to take home, or go out by the day. 1502 Singleton st. 48

NURSES.

W. M. LINDBOUE, 900 Biddle st., keeps Tin Tag Soap. Try it.

WANTED—Situation by girl to do up-stairs work.

Address 1501 N. 12th st. 50

WANTED—By a good (white) girl 12 years of age, to nurse, or to do light housework; 2697 S. 10th st.

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WANTED—By a good (white) girl

THOMPSON'S TALE.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE AGAINST ANARCHISTS SPIES, SCHWAB AND FISCHER.

The Startling Statement Made by Mr. Malvin M. Thompson—Box-Makers Fail to Effect a Compromise—Going Back to Ten Hours—Forcing a Sunday Law—Local Labor News.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Malvin M. Thompson, a young grocer living at No. 180 South Dearborn street, who was present at the market meeting on the night of May 4, says he overheard August Spies, Schwab and a third man, whom he did not know at the time, discussing about the number of dynamite bombs to be thrown into the ranks of the police. The three men were standing in the alley leading from the east side of Desplaines street, only a few feet from the wagon on which the speakers stood. Thompson overheard Spies say: "Will one be enough? Had we not better send for more?" He could not catch the reply, but immediately afterward Schwab and the third man went away together evidently to procure more bombs. The third man was Adolph Fischer of the Arbeiter Zeitung as the third party who was consulting with Spies and Schubert. The fact that Fischer and Schwab immediately left the place was noted later in the evening standing near the spot from which the fatal bomb was thrown, gives good ground for the belief that they were more than mere spectators. The bomb was thrown more than a mile away from the scene of the explosion.

THE GRAND-JURY.

The Grand-Jury yesterday will begin hearing the testimony against the anarchists until to-morrow.

John Robek, arrested yesterday for interfering with the work of the numberless district, was fined \$100 by police justice this morning and sent to Bridewell.

THE PACKERS.

Employees of Armour's Packing-House Must Work Ten Hours.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Contrary to reports circulated, the employees of Armour's packing-house did not resume work yesterday upon the old scale of ten hours per day. Mr. Armour was seen last night and asked whether the eight-hour rule would be continued indefinitely. He said: "Our men have not abandoned their determination to stick for eight hours, nor did we expect them to do so. I am free to say, however, that they must abandon their present purpose, as it is folly for us to continue to provoke the public mind under such a rule. We have yielded to the men for the sake of the experiment, but our utter failure as a business matter has made it highly probable that we would be suicidal for us to continue under the eight-hour system and we shall abandon it at the end of the week." Our men must begin work on a ten-hour basis on Monday morning. In the event of their refusing to do so we can only say that our houses in Kansas City and Milwaukee, which have been closed since the strike began, will have to do our entire business if we are prevented from continuing here."

Mr. Armour said he had advised himself that the other packers in the city would have to follow suit in the matter of insisting that their employees give them ten hours of their time each day, and he had sounded his men on the subject, but that the packers would be made to realize the inconsistency of their demand.

THE BOXMAKERS.

Strikers Fall to Effect a Compromise—The Metal-Workers.

CHICAGO, May 18.—The boxmakers made an effort yesterday to adjust their differences with their employers by proposing to return to work at eight hours per day and eight-hour pay. The manufacturers assented to accept the terms. Things were practically as they were in the outset, but the ardor of the strikers has been somewhat dampened by the united stand of their employers.

The situation among the metal-workers remains practically the same, and there is very little hope of a settlement with the employers as a whole. The molders who have a strong organization, are very obstinate and agree not to return to work unless their demands are conceded, and are willing to strike a week till June 14, and after that time fifty-five hours. The factories of the Adams & Williams, the American Brass, the Electro-Plating Company and the Union Brass Manufacturing Company, which started up yesterday morning are all practically under the control of the strikers. The ten-hour system, with the old scale of wages, is still adhered to in the three concerns.

NO SHORT HOURS.

Furniture Manufacturers at Grand Rapids, Mich., Beneath the Ten-Hour System.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 18.—Much dissatisfaction exists among furniture manufacturers here over the working of the eight-hour system, and there is strong talk of going back to ten hours. Two or three factories have already done so and others have the matter under advisement. The Worden factory, employing men on Saturday, gave notice that the men must work ten hours per day, not eight, commanding Monday and only about a dozen men returned to work. The Kettell Carpet Sweeper factory, employing 150 men, has returned to the ten-hour system and a large proportion of the men are employed on a strike. The workers are firm in demanding on the eight-hour day.

A Good Move.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—An association of textile manufacturers was formed here yesterday, embracing nearly all the prominent firms. Over 150 of the wealthiest citizens of the city and surrounding country, representing in their midst all the principal wealth, objects of the association are the establishment of fair and uniform wages, the prevention of strikes, the settlement of differences between employers and employees, and the protection of the members from worthless and incompetent operators. The members are pledged by one another in case of strikes or lockouts to stand by their employees, and should a strike occur in any one factory the mills of all will be summoned to the aid of the strikers, and factor to the employer in whose mill is a concern.

The Barb-Wire Workers.

The employers of the Southern Wire Company who struck yesterday for eight hours and were informed by the firm that if they would work on the old time they could do so, but if not they might consider themselves discharged, did not come to an agreement, and are still out having been out in the strike for two weeks. Mr. W. G. Gates, president of the company, will be at the mill this afternoon at 1 o'clock to have word written to him, to say and try to come to some agreement, and it is probable that to-morrow everything will be settled and work going on as usual. The men in the strike have not been discharged by the firm and did not strike had their salaries increased by the firm without any solicitation on their part.

Troops Leaving Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., May 18.—The remaining troops, ordered here by the Governor as a means of protection against violence in connection with the recent strike, were ordered away to-day. The strike situation is vacillating. While some classes of men are returning to work, others hold out and others are coming out holding their names. The men will have who have organized and demand eight hours per day, with ten hours' pay. The Grocers' Association has granted the request of clerks to close at 7 p. m., except on Saturday.

Sugar-Workers' Strike Ended.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The Brooklyn sugar-workers' strike has been decided at an end, and the union dissolved. President Walberg, one of the strikers, acquitted John D. Engle,

SCARED CHAMBERLAIN.

THE RADICAL LEADER WARNED BY THE LIBERAL RADICAL COUNCIL.

Bryce's Statement for the Government—Hartington Reported Ready to Yield—Gladstone's Motion for Debate on Home Rule—Sensational Shooting Affray at Montreal—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

TROY, N. Y., May 18.—The girls in all the factories in this city, except the striking laundry, are now at work again, went to work this morning as usual and will continue to work until the doors are actually closed to them. The Manufacturers' Association will hold a meeting to-day, when the action of the striking girls will be reported.

Still "Out."

The striking workmen, thirty-two in number, of the Lacoste gas works, Main and Howard streets, are still "out." They held a meeting this morning at Second and Howard streets, and determined to stand out for what they claim are their rights. The gas company has put a double force of new men at work.

Instating Discharged Employees.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—The Philadelphia Tramway Company agreed to rehire, as several of its discharged conductors and drivers and is holding under advisement the cases of others until Wednesday. It is believed that if they are not then reinstated, the men will strike.

Got an Advance.

BOSTON, May 18.—Four of the ten matress manufacturers have, on the demands of their employees, granted them an increase of 15 per cent. Four other firms have settled with their men and one firm is considering the master.

Strikers Sued.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—Daniel Bray, proprietor of the Summerville Mills, where the employees have been on strike since May 5, has brought an action against five Knights of Columbus for damages for conspiracy to injure his business.

The Season for Fants.

Two thousand pairs men's nobby pants at 90 cents, and 1,500 pairs men's strictly all-wool cassimere pants at \$1.50 in the great sale of consigned clothing for three days longer at the GLOBE,

706 to 715 Franklin avenue.

MISSOURI MARKSMEN.

The Annual Tournament of the State Sportsmen's Association.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 18.—The State Sportsmen's Association began its annual tournament here this morning with a large attendance of sportsmen from all parts of the state. The city is rapidly filling up with visiting sportsmen, and every train brings in large additions to the number that are already here. The Jefferson City Gun Club, which has started a branch here this year, has left nothing standing that would add interest to the occasion and comfort of the tourists. The shooting will begin at 10 a.m. on Saturday and continue through the evening. A grand stand has been erected for the accommodation of the spectators and this week will be one of rare entertainment to the sportsmen. In making the association to hold next when addresses will be made by Gen. J. G. Hart.

The State Board of Equalization passed resolutions to day, setting apart the 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th of the month to the hearings of the 1886 tax bill.

Gov. Marmaduke, who has been in the East for the last three weeks, is expected to arrive home next week.

We Say in all Good Faith

That the GLOBE, 706 to 715 Franklin avenue, is offering every hour in the day, every day in the week, every week in the year, greater bargains than any other clothing establishment in St. Louis.

TERRIFIC BOILER EXPLOSION,

Six Tramps Supposed to Have Been Killed—One Man Injured.

PITTSBURGH, May 18.—A Kittanning, Pa., special says: One of the boilers at the rolling mill exploded with terrific force at about 1 o'clock this morning, shaking nearly all the buildings in the vicinity. The inhabitants, who rushed from their houses in terror, instinct took them to the mill, and when they reached it found that the boiler was burst.

They were horror stricken when the rumor spread that six tramps, who had been buried beneath the debris of the explosion, had been killed.

The reason assigned by the girl for trying to kill him was that he had slandered her character, in giving some information about the address of her mother to the police for protection, and had refused to withdraw it.

The ball at the distance they were fired had not gone off, and when the tramp was hit, his body was very attractive, and is only 21 years old.

She is under arrest until the preliminary inquiry takes place before the magistrate.

He will be tried on the 2d of June, and his doctor will not allow him to go to court for a couple of days.

THE NORTHWEST CENTRAL RAILWAY.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF.—The Northwest Central Railway Bill has passed both houses and become a law. It is said that Mr. Beatty, M. P., who was engaged with committee in making the bill, will be called to the bar to speak for the bill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Robertson have returned from Chicago, and will attend the opening of the Crescent Hotel at Eureka Springs, Ark.

Miss Little Conrad gave a lunch Thursday, to the men of her department.

Among those present were Miss Ada Winston, Miss Saidee Colcord, Miss Beatrice Clark, the little Miss Charlotte Weber, Miss Wetzler and Mrs. Harry Weber, sister of Miss Bush.

HAVE you seen the "West End?"

Tennis Racket at SIMMONS HARDWARE CO?

New Warrants.

A warrant was issued to-day against John Briggs, charging him with making an assault to kill on Officer M. J. Mehan.

Charles Gordon accused Nicholas L. Flynn, Frank Jones is charged of assaulting to kill Wm. Brady.

James Chindberg is accused of embezzeling \$1,000.

Howard Murray and Dan Julian are charged with stealing \$15 from Matthew Toohey.

"The Ladies Say So."

That our superb lines of boys' all-wool knee-pant suits at \$4.25 are worn every cent of \$5.

FAMOUS, Broadway and Morgan.

Another Knock-Down for Famous.

Four-button cutaway suits in fine imported wools and cassimeres for nobby young gent.

14 to 16—\$15. \$18.50 and \$20.

The tailors will give you \$20 to \$40, and not give you as good a suit or satisfactory a fit. Come to Famous.

Gotham News.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 18.—The Governor has denied the application for the commutation of sentence in the cases of the murderers Otto of Buelow and Willett of Binghamton.

John O'Brien, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, of the Broadway Railroad, Dauphin Avenue, Post and Broad Streets, has been appointed to New York to serve upon the delegation to the convention of the National Democratic party.

He and his wife have been granted a leave of absence by the firm without any compensation.

The Employers of the Southern Wire Company who struck yesterday for eight hours and were informed by the firm that if they would work on the old time they could do so, but if not they might consider themselves discharged, did not come to an agreement, and are still out having been out in the strike for two weeks.

Mr. W. G. Gates, president of the company, will be at the mill this afternoon at 1 o'clock to have word written to him, to say and try to come to some agreement, and it is probable that to-morrow everything will be settled and work going on as usual.

In the strike the men have not been discharged by the firm and did not strike had their salaries increased by the firm without any solicitation on their part.

Troops Leaving Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., May 18.—The remaining troops, ordered here by the Governor as a means of protection against violence in connection with the recent strike, were ordered away to-day. The strike situation is vacillating.

While some classes of men are returning to work, others hold out and others are coming out holding their names.

The men will have who have organized and demand eight hours per day, with ten hours' pay.

The Grocers' Association has granted the request of clerks to close at 7 p. m., except on Saturday.

Perfect Ease.

Our elegant line of children's jersey knapsuits in all the novel and new styles.

FAMOUS, Broadway and Morgan.

WH Adjoins To-Morrow.

OXYGEN, O., May 18.—The Legislature has accepted a resolution to adjourn at 1 p. m. to-morrow.

Enforcing a Sunday Law.

BOSTON, May 18.—As a result of the petition signed by 1,000 barbers, asking that the law against Sunday opening be enforced in their case, the Board of Police Commissioners has instructed the Superintendent of Police to keep the doors of the saloons open on Sunday, and after 6 p. m. they may close their places of business on Sunday, under penalty of prosecution.

Troy Girls' Strike.

TROY, N. Y., May 18.—The girls in all the factories in this city, except the striking laundry, are now at work again, went to work this morning as usual and will continue to work until the doors are actually closed to them.

The Manufacturers' Association will hold a meeting to-day, when the action of the striking girls will be reported.

Still "Out."

The striking workmen, thirty-two in number, of the Lacoste gas works, Main and Howard streets, are still "out." They held a meeting this morning at Second and Howard streets, and determined to stand out for what they claim are their rights. The gas company has put a double force of new men at work.

Instating Discharged Employees.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—The Philadelphia Tramway Company agreed to rehire, as several of its discharged conductors and drivers and is holding under advisement the cases of others until Wednesday. It is believed that if they are not then reinstated, the men will strike.

Got an Advance.

BOSTON, May 18.—Four of the ten matress manufacturers have, on the demands of their employees, granted them an increase of 15 per cent. Four other firms have settled with their men and one firm is considering the master.

Strikers Sued.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—Daniel Bray, proprietor of the Summerville Mills, where the employees have been on strike since May 5, has brought an action against five Knights of Columbus for damages for conspiracy to injure his business.

The Season for Fants.

Two thousand pairs men's nobby pants at 90 cents, and 1,500 pairs men's strictly all-wool cassimere pants at \$1.50 in the great sale of consigned clothing for three days longer at the GLOBE,

706 to 715 Franklin avenue.

MISSOURI MARKSMEN.

The Annual Tournament of the State Sportsmen's Association.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 18.—The State Sportsmen's Association began its annual tournament here this morning with a large attendance of sportsmen from all parts of the state. The city is rapidly filling up with visiting sportsmen, and every train brings in large additions to the number that are already here. The Jefferson City Gun Club, which has started a branch here this year, has left nothing standing that would add interest to the occasion and comfort of the tourists. The shooting

